TA-512MEC MIXER POWER AMPLIFIER

CAUTION FOR USING POWER LINE

SHOW

You shall holdthe plug firmly to avoid the pull-out of power line and risk occurring when you pull the power line out from AC outlet.

TA-5I2MEC AMPLIFIER

- The plug of power line for this unit should be pulled out from power outlet to cutdown the power supply, when this unit isn't used for a long period.
- Don't force any matter on the power line of this system to avoid the damaging power line and don't insert the knoted power line into unit.

This broadcast system, main unit, 500series should be placed on a solid

surface with a minimum distance of 1m from the back or side plate to the wall and. rot in the following environments of cases:

- Moist place;
- Under direct radiation of sunlight or other strong heat radiation;
 No air ventilation:
- To prevent the risk of fire or electrical shock, never expose this equipment to rain or dampness.

HANDLING THIS UNIT

Check if the power supply is being shut down, the power line is pulled outform outlet and otherlines connecting this unit are also disconnected.

DON'T DISASSEMBLE THIS UNIT

Don't disassemble and repair the unit by yourself, otherwise of may induce electric shock or fires. If you can't remedy any occurred trouble according to the methods described in the Last of this manual, you must call a qualified tec**h**ician or consult with our company, Aforced using if may cause electric shock or fires.

CLEANING

When the unit needs a cleaning, you can blow off dust from the unit with a blower or clean with rag etc. Don't use solvents such as ben. zol, thinner, alcohol or other fluids with very storing volatility and flammability for cleaning the unit body.



General Description

The 500 series Mixer Power Amplifiers 30W, 60W and 120W are designed for PA system applications such as paging, announcements, intercommunications, background music and broad-casting in industrial plants, offices, schools, churches, department stores, shopping centres, night clubs, dining rooms, convention halls, auditoriums and recreation areas.

The primary feature is their ability to withstand overload or shortcircuits of output. Because of the engineered circuitry design, the 500 series amplifiers require no complicated protective circuit to withstand accidents and mismatched output connections that may occur during the installation or use of PA system. This results in very high reliability.

The 500 series amplifiers come with 4 microphone inputs, 3 auxiliary inputs and a mag.phono input. Microphone inputs may beused with unbalanced low impedance (30-600 ohms) microphone.

Three auxiliary inputs are provided for high level signal sources such as radio tuner, tape recorder, mixer preamplifier, remote microphone and record player with ceramic or crystal type cartridge. Speaker outputs are complete with4 ohms (usable 4-16ohms), 50V, 70V and 100V on the terminal strip An auxiliary output is equipped for a booster amplifier and a tae output is equipped for a tape recorder.

Each input volume can be controlled with the corresponding individual input volume control, and can further be adjusted by means of a master volume control and individual bass and treble tone controls. Emergency operation can be made by DC power source 30W. 12V DC, 60W and 120W 24VDC), even in case of AC power failure.

Specifications

Type Mixer power amplifier					
Modell	30W	60W	120W		
Power output	Rated: 30W Max.: 45W	Rated: 60W Max.: 90W	Rated: 120W Max.: 180W		
Output regulation	Less than 2 dB no load to full load				
Outputs					
Inputs	INPUT 1: (MIC 1) 600 ohms, 0.5mV INPUT 2: (MIC 2) 600 ohms, 0.5mV INPUT 3: (MIC 3) 600 ohms, 0.5mV (MAG PHONO) 50k ohms, 2mV INPUT 4: (MIC 4) 600 ohms, 0.5mV (AUX 1) 220k ohms, 100mV INPUT 5: (AUX 2) 10 ohms, 100mV AUX 3: 10k ohms, 100mV				
Frequency Response	50-15,000Hz ±3 dB				
Total harmonic distortion	Less than 4% at 1kHz, rated power	Less than 2% 1kH	Iz, rated power		
Signal to noise ratio (Tone control centerd)	All volume controls c.c.w.; 80 dB below rated powerMicrophone: 60 dB below rated powerAUX 2: 70 dB below rated power				
Tone controls	BASS :±10 dB at 100Hz TREBLE :±10dB at 10kHz				
Controls	INPUT 1 Volume control Tone controls (BASS, TREBLE) INPUT 2 Volume control INPUT 3 Volume control INPUT 3 Volume control MASTER volume control INPUT 4 Volume control Voltage selector INPUT 5 Volume control AUX 3 Volume control				
Indicator	Power indicator (LED) LED output level meter				
AC power supply	110~127V 60Hz / 220~240V 50Hz				
Dc power supply	12V	24V	24V		
AC power consumption	90 Watts at rated output	160 Watts at rated output	320 Watts at rated output		
DC power consumption	4.8A at rated output	4.2A at rated output	8A at rated output		
Dimensions	88.5mm(H) x 420mm(W) x 280mm(D)				
Weight	6.9kg	7.8kg	10.0kg		
Color	Black				

Operation

Volume control setting

For the average input signals, the master volume control should be set to around 7. In relation to the levels of inputs, it is recommended that the gains or losses should be equally divided between individual con-trols and the master control.

Tone control setting

The separate tone controls provide boost and attenuation of bass and treble response. The flat position is obtained when the knobs are set to o. Turn bass control knob (BASS) and treble tone control knob (TREBLE), respectively, clockwise to raise tone level by approximately +10 dB; turn counterclockwise to lower tone level by approximately -10 dB. Where a microphone paging is provided to a reverberant room, clear, crisp sound reproduction is possible by attenuating bass.

Output level meter

The LED meter indicates output level.

When voice or music is amplified in practice, set the volume control at the position where the maximum output level is below zero. While the red LED indicator remains lit, the output is distorted. In this case, lower the sound volume by means of a volume control.





When the red LED's remain lit, the output is distorted.

Front Panel Controls and Features



No.	Name	Function/Des
1	POWER ON-OFF SWITCH	Applies Line pow
2	POWER INDICATOR	Comes on when
3	OUTPUT LEVEL METER	Indicates output l
4	INPUT 1-5 VOLUME CONTROL	Adjusts gain of IN
5	BASS CONTROL	Adjusts bass resp counterclockwise Tone is flat at cer
6	TREBLE CONTROL	Adjusts treble res counterclockwise Tone is flat at cer
7	MASTER VOLUME CONTROL	Adjusts overall ga
8	ECHO VOL	

escription

ver. Two-position button switch for on-off modes.

power is turned on.

level.

NPUT 1-5 respectively.

sponse. Turn clockwise (CW) to boost and e (CCW) to attenuate the bass response. entre.

esponse. Turn clockwise (CW) to boost and e (CCW) to attenuate the treble response. entre.

gain of unit.

Rear Panel Controls and Features

Typical connection



No.	Name	Function/Description
1	INPUT 1 (MIC 1)	Connects to a microphone of balanced or unbalanced low impedance (30-600 ohms).
2	INPUT (MIC 2)	Connects to a microphone of balanced or unbalanced low impedance (30-600 ohms).
3	INPUT 3 (MIC 3/MAG. PHONO)	Connects to unbalanced microphone or the record player with MM type cartridge
4	INPUT 3 SELECT SWITCH	Selects MIC 3 or MAG. PHONO input.
5	INPUT 4 (MIC 4/AUX 1)	Connects to unbalanced microphone or Aux input.
6	INPUT 4 SELECT SWITCH	Selects MIC 4 or AUX 1 input.
7	INPUT 5 (AUX 2)	Connects to Aux input.
8	AUX 3 INPUT	Connects to AUX input.
9	AUX 3 VOLUME CONTROL	Adjusts gain of AUX 3.
10	TAPE OUTPUT	Provides connections for a tape recorder. The input impedance of the equipment should be more than 4.7k ohms.
11	AUX OUTPUT	Provides connections for a booster amplifier. The input impedance of the equipment should be more than 600 ohms.
12	AC FUSE	Prevents excessive current flow.
13	DC POWER SWITCH	Control DC supply.
14	EARTH TERMINAL	Normally connect to record player's ground.
15	OUTPUT TERMINALS	Connect to speakers.
16	DC TERMINALS	Connect to DC power supply. 12V DC: 30W 24V DC: 60W, 120W
17	AC POWER SUPPLY CORD	Connects to AC power source.



SPEAKER OUTPUTS

OUTPUT

The amplifier may beused in conjunction with aspeaker rated at 4 ohms or with 50Volt. 70 Volt or 100 Voltconstant-voltage speaker systems.

4 ohms (4~16 ohms) speaker output (balanced)

The 4 ohms (4~16 ohms) speaker output terminal is provided for connection with low impedance speakers (more than 4 ohms in total) when constant-voltage speaker system is unnecessary or in case the distance between the amplifier and the speaker is short enough (less than 50m). It is requested that the total speaker load impedance be correctly matched to the output impedance (4 ohms) of the amplifier for most efficient transfer of power.

50V, 70V and 100V speaker output (balanced)

When it is desired to operate the speakers form the distance, over 50 Meters of the amplifier, it is recommended that line matching transformers be installed on the speaker units toprevent excessive line losses. This method of load matching known as the constant voltage distribution system eliminates the calculation of lade impedance and series-parallel speaker arrangements. In this method, all speakers are connected in parallel.

These constant voltage outputs are most convenient for distribution of power when a number of speakers are installed. Each speaker must have 50 volt, 70 volt or 100 volt line transformer with a tap that gives the power desired for that speaker. The total number of power settings for all speakers should be equal to the amplifier power rating or less. See the following diagrams.



70V connection

100V connection



Installation

Unpacking

State date, nature of damage, whether any damage was noticed on the shipping container, prior to unpacking. Please give waybill number of shipping order.

Do not block cover ventilation holes. The amplifier should not be placed in areas.

- 1) with poor ventilation.
- 2) exposed to direct sunlight.
- with high ambient temperature or adjacent to heatgenerating equipment.
- 4) with high humidity or dust levels.
- 5) susceptible to vibration.

CAUTION Do not remove the cover since this may cause an diectric shock.



Total impedance: 8 Ohms



Total impedance: 4 Ohms

CAUTION

When connecting speakers to any one of the outputs of 4 ohms 50V, 70V or 100V

DC Power Operation

The unit will also operate from an external battery or other direct current source with negative (-) as ground. Power connections are made at the DC terminal strip on the rear panel.

If AC power supply fails, transfer to DC power is instantaneous, automatic and silent.

The battery power supply is operated by the primary power switch.





CAUTION

The unit should be used only with negative-grounded vehicle or frame when DC operation is required. Do not use the unit with positive-grounded equipment of DC operation.

Input Connection

Microphones

Four microphone inputs are provided. Thee microphone inputs are a double pole phone jack and of unbalanced type. They may be used with balanced orunbalanced low impedance (30-600 ohms) microphone The microphone with the unbalanced connection cable of 10~20 meter may be used depending on the microphone and its characteristic.

For balanced low impedance microphone:

Connected to the double conductor shielded cable of balanced LO impedance microphone.





Double pole phone plug

For unbalanced low impedance microphone:

May also be connected to the single conductor shielded cable of unbalanced Loimpedance microphone.



Unbalanced microphone

Single pole phone plug

When connecting the microphone to INPUT 3 and INPUT 4, place the rear-mounted INPUT 3 select and INPUT 4 select switches in the MIC3 and MIC4 position, respectively.



INPUT 3 select switch





Record player

Magnetic phonograph cartridge may be connected to (INPUT 3) MAG PHONO input. Ceramic or crystal cartridge pick-up may be connected to AUX 1 input (00mV, 220K Ω). Use the single-conductor or doubleconductor shielded cable with a terminating phone plug. It is recommended that 3 separate ground wire be connected between the phono player base and the GND ($\frac{1}{777}$) terminal of the terminal strip on the panel.



When connecting a record player with MM type cartridge to INPUT 3, set INPUT 3 select switch to MAG, PHONO.



When connecting a record player with ceramic or crystal type cartridge to INPUT 4, set INPUT 4 select switch to AUX 1.



Radio tuner, cassette tape player and other BGM sources.

A radiotuner, tapeplayer, chime, mixer preamplifier, compact disc player or other high level signal source may be connected to the AUX 1, AUX 2 or AUX 3 input.

Use single or double conductor shielded cable with a terminating phone plug.



Single pole phone plug





Single pole phone plug

When using INPUT 4 as AUX 1, set INPUT 4 select switch to AUX 1 position.



Output Connection

AUX OUTPUT

To operate a booster amp connect between the AUX OUT jack of this unit and the input of the booster ampby ens of a single conductor shielded cable with a phone plug.

The volume of this output is adjustable with the individual volume con-trol, but notwith the master or tone controls. Use the input volume control of the booster amplifier when the overall volume adjustment is necessary.



Single pole phone plug

TAPE OUTPUT

To operate a tape recorder, connect the single conductor shielded cable with a phone plugform the TAPE OUT jackto the input of the tape recorder.

Since this output level cannot be controlled with the tone or the master control of the amplifier, use the controls of the tape recorder to adjust the signal level.

to tape recorde

Single pole phone plug